

McDonalds And Starbucks Confirm Eroding Sentiment

This past week, two lower-cost food and beverage retailers posted earnings, which conveyed the underlying message that consumers are struggling. McDonalds and Starbucks reported significant domestic sales declines for the first quarter. McDonalds saw its US same-store sales fall by 3.6%, driven by a decrease in its "guest count." This was the worst decline in same-store sales since 2020. Starbucks saw its revenues decline by 4% in its US stores.

Executives at McDonalds and Starbucks spoke to similar themes. They see their clientele dealing with uncertainty from tariff-related economic concerns. Moreover, persistent inflation is resulting in more frugal behaviors, such as eating and making coffee at home. They both note that low-income customers are particularly affected.

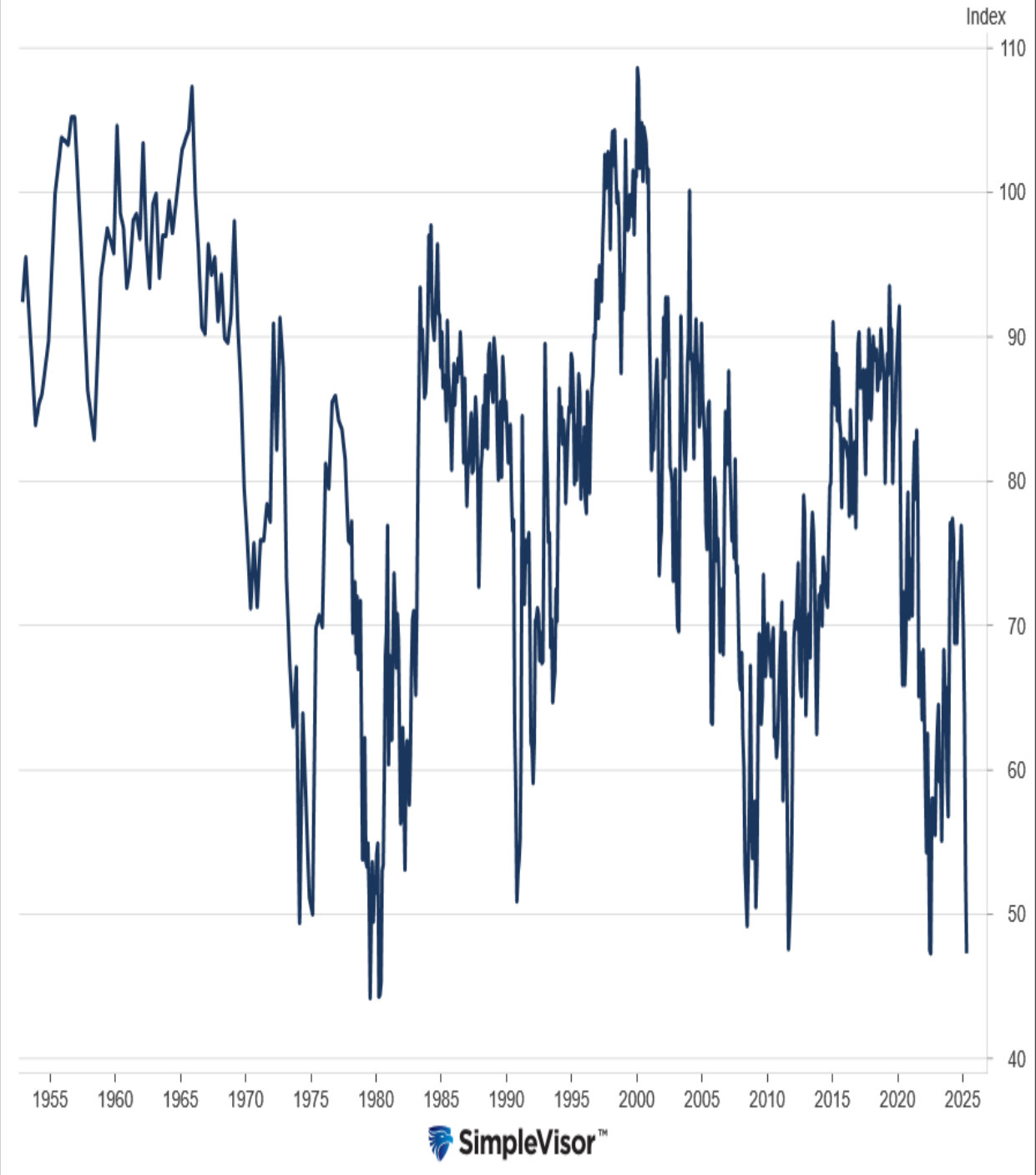
- "Consumers today are grappling with uncertainty"- Chris Kempczinski ? CEO McDonalds
- "Starbucks faces challenges in reviving its business? with inflation and economic uncertainty driving up costs and dampening U.S. demand."- Brian Niccol ? CEO Starbucks

Two key takeaways from McDonalds, Starbucks, and other lower-end retailers this quarter: First, it appears they are not able to pass on higher prices to their customers. Second, poor consumer sentiment is weighing on personal consumption.

We end with a comment from Chipotle's CEO following a 0.4% decline in same-store sales, the first decline since 2020:

In February, we began to see that the elevated level of uncertainty felt by consumers are starting to impact their spending habits. We could see this in our visitation study, where saving money because of concerns around the economy was the overwhelming reason consumers were reducing the frequency of restaurant visits.

United States, Consumer Surveys, University of Michigan, Consumer Sentiment, Consumer Expectations, Index



What To Watch Today

Earnings

Friday May 2		EPS	Consensus	Previous	Revenue	Consensus	Previous	MarketCap	Fiscal	Time		
	Exxon Mobil XOM.US		1.80	2.06		83.67B	83.08B	\$424.44B	Q1	AM	★	🔔
	Chevron CVX.US		2.43	2.93		46.44B	48.72B	\$249.62B	Q1	AM	★	🔔
	Cigna CI.US		6.45	6.47		60.45B	57.26B	\$91.53B	Q1	AM	★	🔔
	Apollo Global Management APOL.US		1.94	1.72		981.57M	462M	\$70.85B	Q1	AM	★	🔔
	CBOE CBOE.US		2.19	2.15		533.83M	502.1M	\$22.77B	Q1	AM	★	🔔
	T. Rowe Price TROW.US		2.29	2.38		1.83B	1.75B	\$19.31B	Q1	AM	★	🔔
	Evergy EVERG.US		0.6359	0.54		1.32B	1.33B	\$15.51B	Q1	AM	★	🔔
	Plains All American Pipeline PAA.US		0.4382	0.41		13.96B	12B	\$12.48B	Q1	PM	★	🔔
	Westlake Chemical WLK.US		1.3	1.34		3.03B	2.98B	\$11.79B	Q1	AM	★	🔔
	Franklin Resources BEN.US		0.5008	0.56		1.62B	2.15B	\$9.27B	Q2	AM	★	🔔

Economy

Friday May 02 2025			Actual	Previous	Consensus	Forecast		
07:30 AM		US Non Farm Payrolls APR		228K	135K	140K		🔔
07:30 AM		US Unemployment Rate APR		4.2%	4.2%	4.2%		🔔
07:30 AM		US Average Hourly Earnings MoM APR		0.3%	0.3%	0.3%		🔔
07:30 AM		US Average Hourly Earnings YoY APR		3.8%	3.9%	3.9%		🔔
07:30 AM		US Participation Rate APR		62.5%		62.5%		🔔
07:30 AM		US Average Weekly Hours APR		34.2	34.2	34.2		🔔
07:30 AM		US Government Payrolls APR		19K		-3K		🔔
07:30 AM		US Manufacturing Payrolls APR		1K	-5K	5K		🔔
07:30 AM		US Nonfarm Payrolls Private APR		209K	127K	133K		🔔
07:30 AM		US U-6 Unemployment Rate APR		7.9%		8.0%		🔔
09:00 AM		US Factory Orders MoM MAR		0.6%	4.5%	4.0%		🔔
09:00 AM		US Factory Orders ex Transportation MAR		0.4%		0.2%		🔔

Market Trading Update

[Yesterday](#), we discussed oil prices and their impact on inflation and the economy. While economic growth remains a concern in 2025, the market has been inflating over the past two weeks. The S&P is currently in an 8-day winning streak, decently long without a down day. However, yesterday, the market rallied above the 50-DMA following better-than-expected earnings reports from MSFT and META. That rally is likely limited given the short-term overbought condition of the market and the reality that the 200-DMA is just ahead, with the 100-DMA just above it.

The good news is that the previous resistance level developed when the pre-tariff announcement lows were broken has now been returned to support. Therefore, any short-term correction will find support at the 50-DMA and then at those previous bottoms. However, breaking that support will also violate the recent market uptrend and suggest a retest of lows is possible. While the markets are behaving more bullishly in the near term, we should not dismiss the possibility of another correction phase over the next few months.

This is why we increased a short S&P 500 hedge position this week and are carrying higher cash levels. Once the bullish trend is reconfirmed, we will reduce hedges and increase equity exposure

accordingly. While we may not buy the bottom of the market and may suffer some short-term underperformance, the preservation of capital and reduced volatility will give us a long-run advantage over benchmarking an index.

Trade accordingly.



The SimpleVisor logo, featuring the brand name in white text on a blue rectangular background.

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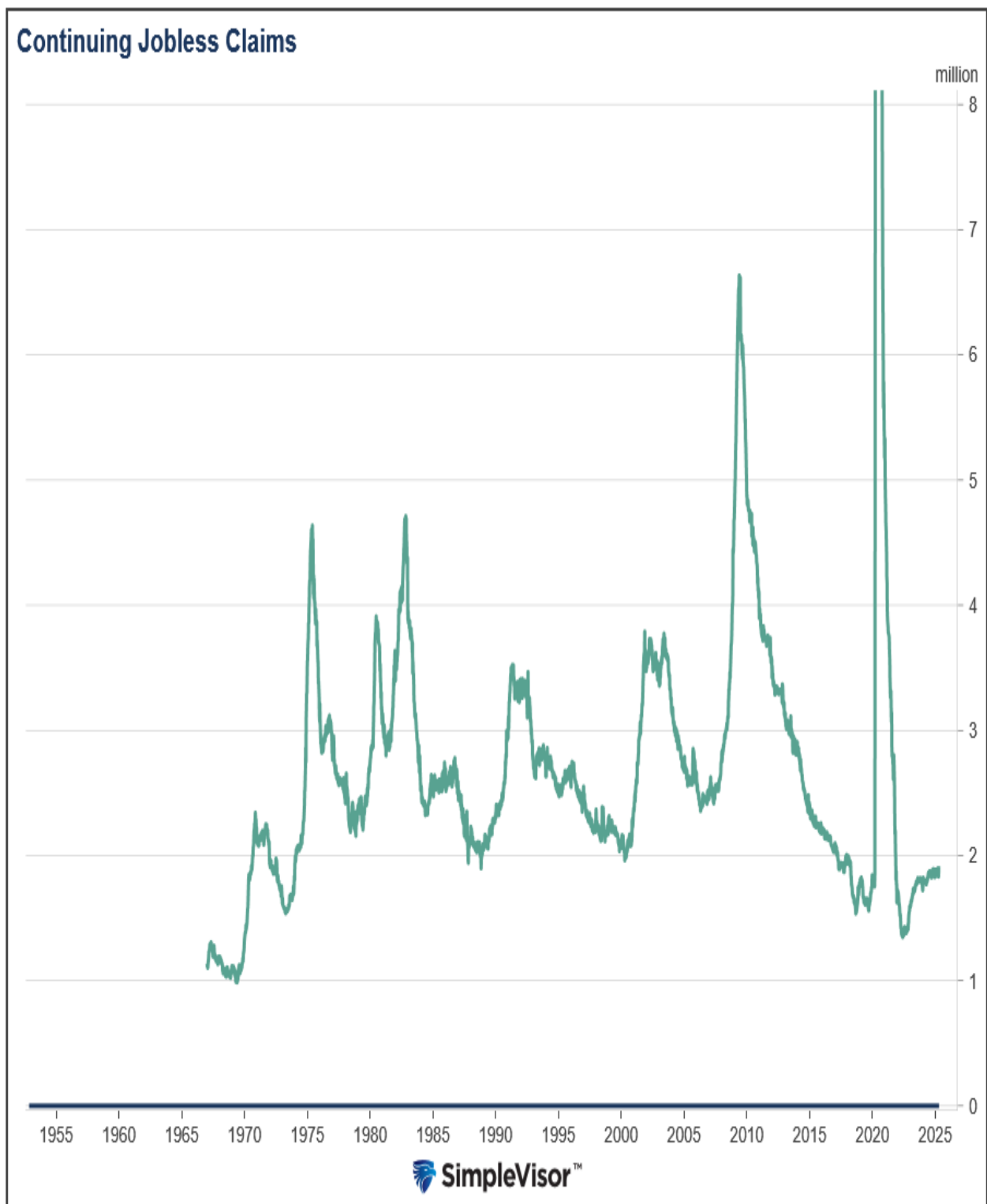
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Continuing Jobless Claims Continue To Drift Higher

Continuing jobless claims rose to 1.916 million, up from 1.841 million last week. This marks the highest level since November 2021. Accordingly, it signals that an increasing number of job seekers face difficulties finding new employment. Initial jobless claims increased to 241,000, surpassing estimates of 223,000 and the prior week's 222,000. Like ADP, the data point to a weaker-than-expected BLS employment report today.

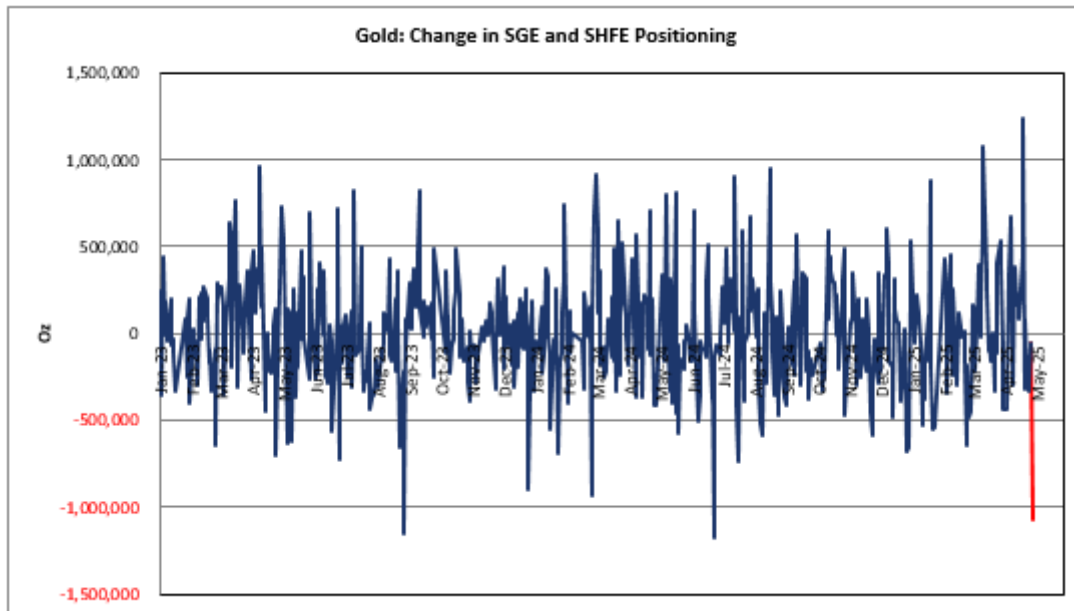
Continuing jobless claims, unlike initial claims, which track new unemployment filings and are considered a leading indicator, reflect the number of people still unemployed and receiving benefits. Thus, they serve as a coincident measure of economic conditions. In the current environment, layoffs are low, but new hires are weak. Simply, the underlying labor market is not as robust as the headline data suggests. An increase in layoffs will be problematic as potential job openings decline.

As the graph below shows, continuing jobless claims are historically low but have slowly risen to their highest level since late 2021.



China Sells Gold

It is being reported, and as shown below, courtesy of ZeroHedge, that China sold ?millions of ounces? of gold Thursday morning. Gold fell by three percent on the news. There are many rumors that China is trying to replace its dollars with gold. While there may be some truth to that, they are still heavily dependent on the dollar. Accordingly, they are unlikely to make any radical adjustments to their dollar or gold holdings, as it will work against their broader economic interests. In other words, be cautious when buying gold on the thesis that China is rapidly abandoning the dollar.



Tweet of the Day

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ISM: "The past relationship between the Manufacturing PMI and the overall economy indicates that the April reading (48.7 percent) corresponds to a change of plus 1.8% in real GDP"

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ISM Mfg 48.7, Exp. 47.9

Prices Paid 69.8, Exp. 73.0
New Orders 47.2, Exp. 45.0
Employment 46.5, Exp. 44.6.

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