



Job Growth Remains Strong - RIA

[ad_1]

The administration warned that job growth would cool off in last Friday's employment report. The economy added 315k jobs, slightly better than expectations but short of last month's +526k. Job growth may be "cooling," but it is still red hot. As shown below, job growth of 315k is nearly 3x the long-term average and in the upper end of data going back to 1940. The unemployment rate rose 0.2% to 3.7%, but that is good news. It increased because the participation rate jumped from 62.1% to 62.4%. People that have not been working or seeking a job are reentering the job market. The Fed will like that stat as an increasing number of job seekers will reduce the tightness in the labor market.

The advertisement is a horizontal banner with a light gray background on the left and a dark gray/black background on the right. On the left, there are two identical logos for "THE Bull Bear REPORT BY SimpleVisor™". Each logo features a black bull and a yellow bear facing each other, with the text "THE Bull Bear REPORT" in bold black and orange, and "BY SimpleVisor™" in smaller black text below. On the right, there are two identical blocks of white text on the dark background. The top block reads "The most important things you need to know about the markets." followed by "> Subscribe today". The bottom block reads "The most important things you need to know about the markets." followed by "> Subscribe today".

THE **Bull Bear** REPORT
BY SimpleVisor™

The most important things you need to know about the markets.
> **Subscribe today**

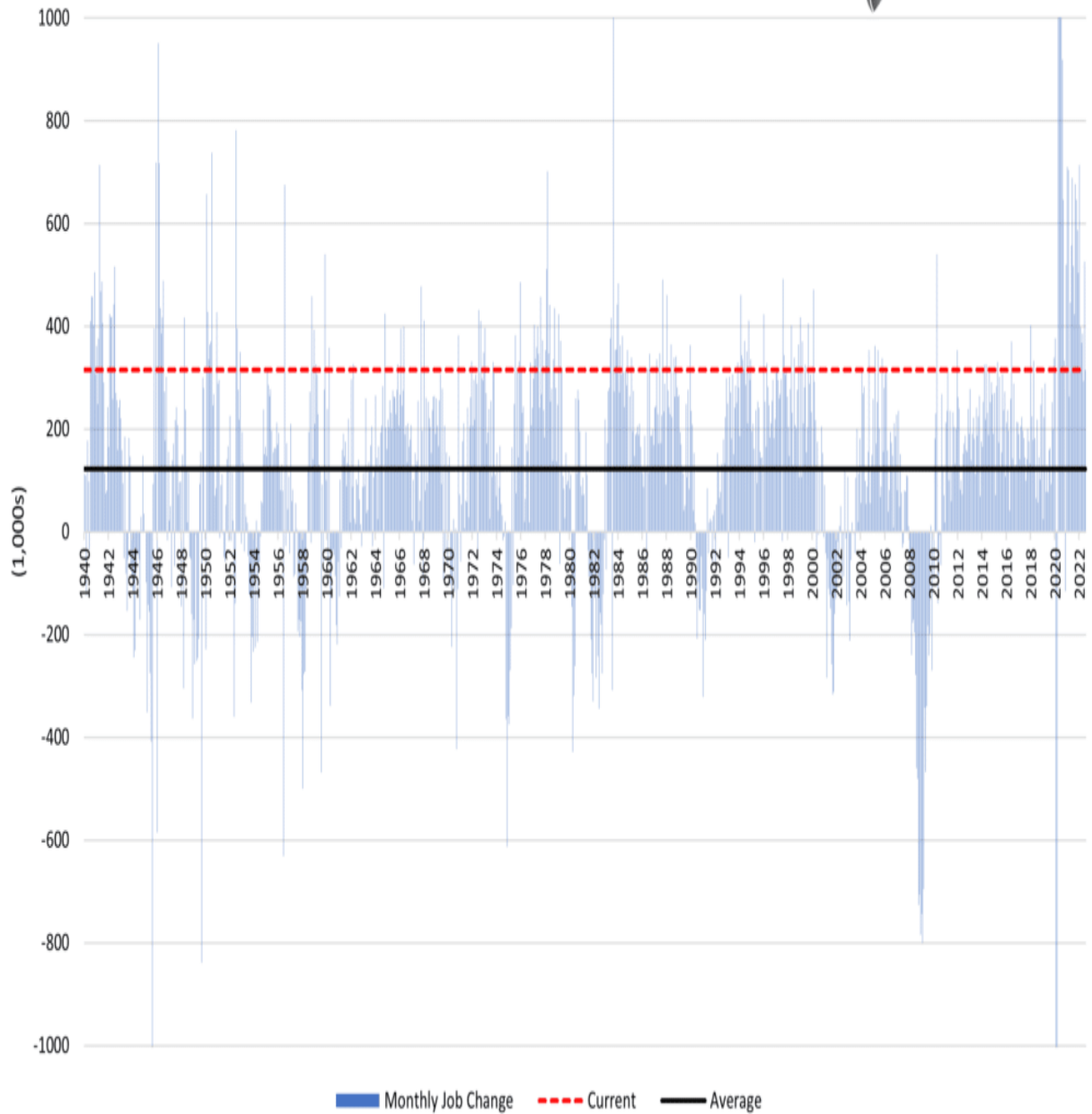
THE **Bull Bear** REPORT
BY SimpleVisor™

The most important things you need to know about the markets.
> **Subscribe today**

Monthly Payrolls BLS



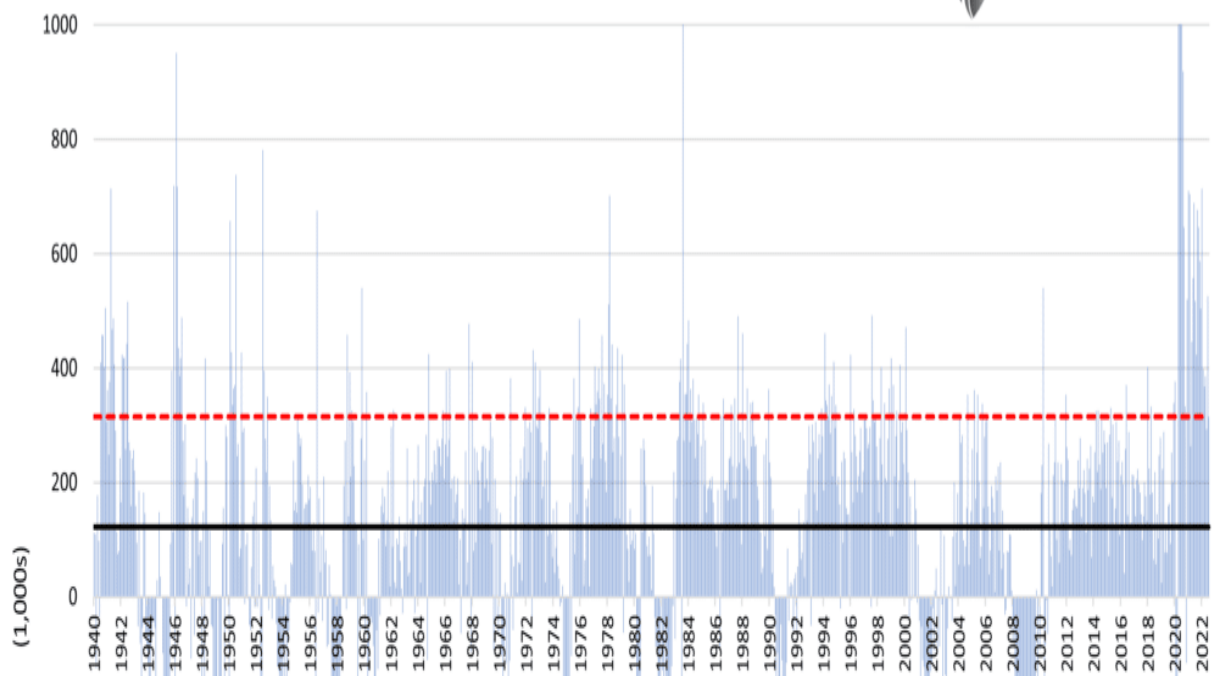
Real Investment Advice



Monthly Payrolls BLS



Real Investment Advice



Real Investment Report

Real Investment Report

What? You Aren't
Subscribed To The
Real Investment Report?

[> Subscribe Now!](#)

What? You Aren't
Subscribed To The
Real Investment Report?

[> Subscribe Now!](#)

What To Watch Today

Economy

- 9:45 a.m. ET: **S&P Global U.S. Services PMI**, August final (44.2 expected, 44.1 prior)
- 9:45 a.m. ET: **S&P Global U.S. Composite PMI**, August final (45.0 expected, 45.0 prior)
- 10:00 a.m. ET: **ISM Services Index**, August (55.2 expected, 56.7 prior)

Earnings

- *No significant earnings releases today*

Market Trading Update

The bull rally failed as those stating the rise from the July lows was a *bear market rally* were proven correct. As we said Friday before last:

The break of the 100-dma also sets the market up for a retest of the 50-dma next week. Given the sharp market sell-off on Friday, some follow-through selling on Monday would be of no surprise.

That was the case as the market sold off sharply all week, taking out the critical 50-day moving average. However, with the markets deeply oversold, a reflexive bounce is likely. The market attempted a test to break above the 50-dma but failed. **With the market sitting on important support, an attempt at a rally this week is likely. However, with the MACD on a sell signal, we continue to suggest selling any rallies to reduce risk.**



TradingView



Unfortunately, the bull rally's failure suggests more challenges for the stock market. As noted by Yahoo Finance:

?The historically volatile month of August lived up to its reputation.?

Call it par for the course for 2022, as the Federal Reserve's resolve to fight inflation again beat back the most optimistic bulls holding out for the elusive Powell pivot.

?By the numbers: The Nasdaq Composite sank another 4.6% in August, bringing its year-to-date return to -24.5%. Meanwhile, the Dow is now off 4,828 points for the year, or 13.2%, and the S&P 500 is 17% in the hole.?

Unfortunately, for investors, the market history books suggest that when markets have negative returns this far into the year, it portends more weakness and volatility into year-end.

Market Returns Through August vs. End-of-Year						
Index	# of Years	Jan - Aug Return	Sep - Dec Return	Full Year Return	Realized Volatility Jan - Aug	Realized Volatility Sep - Dec
Dow 1921 - 2021 (All negative years into Aug)	36	-7.64%	-1.69%	-9.11%	7.99%	8.83%
Dow 1921 - 2021 (Down 8% or more into Aug)	13	-14.00%	-5.09%	-15.50%	7.79%	9.80%
Nasdaq Composite 1972 - 2021 (All negative years into Aug)	17	-11.26%	6.39%	-5.09%	7.99%	9.97%
Nasdaq Composite 1972 - 2021 (Down 8% or more into Aug)	9	-18.50%	0.47%	-17.91%	8.63%	10.92%
S&P 500 1962 - 2021 (All negative years into Aug)	20	-9.73%	3.41%	-6.27%	7.11%	8.84%
S&P 500 1962 - 2021 (Down 8% or more into Aug)	13	-13.87%	-1.91%	-15.50%	7.53%	9.25%

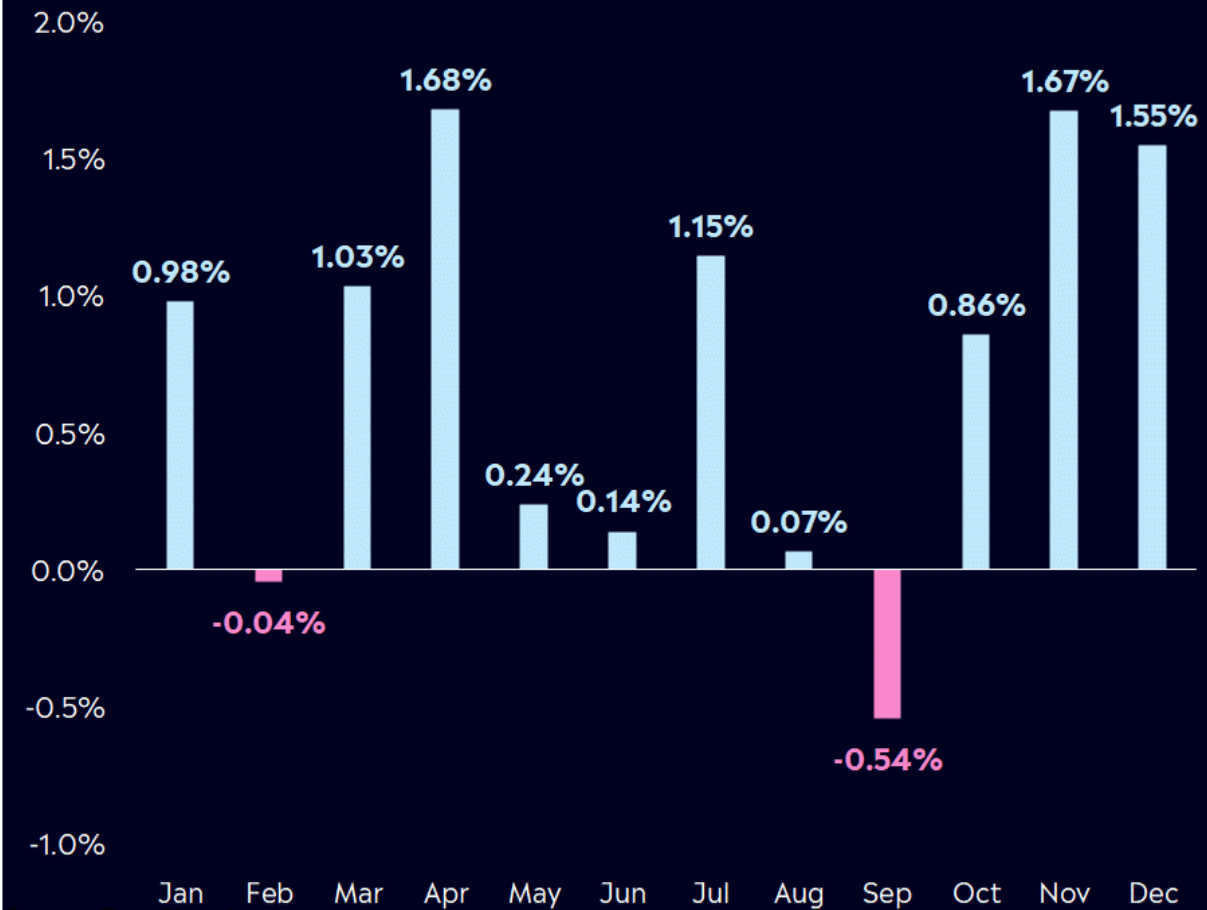
Source: TradeStation, Yahoo Finance

Market Returns Through August vs. End-of-Year						
Index	# of Years	Jan - Aug Return	Sep - Dec Return	Full Year Return	Realized Volatility Jan - Aug	Realized Volatility Sep - Dec
Dow 1921 - 2021 (All negative years into Aug)	36	-7.64%	-1.69%	-9.11%	7.99%	8.83%
Dow 1921 - 2021 (Down 8% or more into Aug)	13	-14.00%	-5.09%	-15.50%	7.79%	9.80%
Nasdaq Composite 1972 - 2021 (All negative years into Aug)	17	-11.26%	6.39%	-5.09%	7.99%	9.97%
Nasdaq Composite 1972 - 2021 (Down 8% or more into Aug)	9	-18.50%	0.47%	-17.91%	8.63%	10.92%
S&P 500 1962 - 2021 (All negative years into Aug)	20	-9.73%	3.41%	-6.27%	7.11%	8.84%
S&P 500 1962 - 2021 (Down 8% or more into Aug)	13	-13.87%	-1.91%	-15.50%	7.53%	9.25%

Source: TradeStation, Yahoo Finance

Furthermore, while we could certainly see another bull rally from currently very oversold conditions, the month of September offers little hope. October tends not to be kind, either.

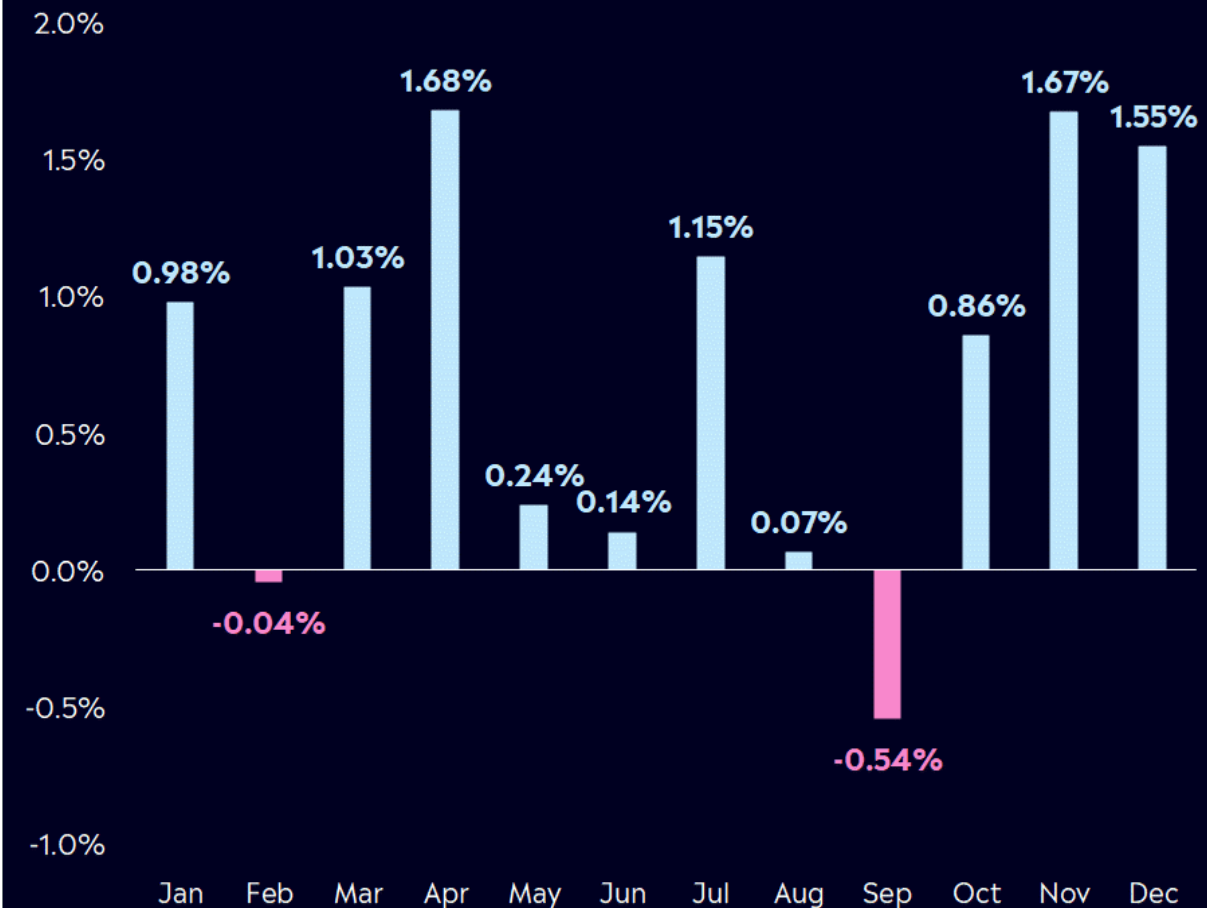
S&P 500's Average Returns Since 1950 (by Month)



Source: eToro, Bloomberg

Source: eToro, Bloomberg

S&P 500's Average Returns Since 1950 (by Month)



Source: eToro, Bloomberg

Source: eToro, Bloomberg

The Week Ahead

The holiday-shortened week ahead will be quiet on the economic front. Jobless Claims will get the Fed's attention as they continue to look for signs that job growth is slowing, and with it, labor market tightness will abate. Jobless Claims tend to lead the payrolls and unemployment data that the market is so keenly focused on. The only other data worth mentioning is ISM for the services industry. Expectations are for a slight tick lower but to a level (55) that is still commensurate with solid economic growth. The prices and employment subcomponents will likely garner the most attention.

We suspect various Fed members will continue to echo Powell's hawkish rhetoric. While largely unexpected, we have heard a few market pundits wondering if the Fed might surprise markets with an intra-meeting rate hike. Such would undoubtedly get Powell's point across that inflation-fighting trumps the health of the markets and the economy.

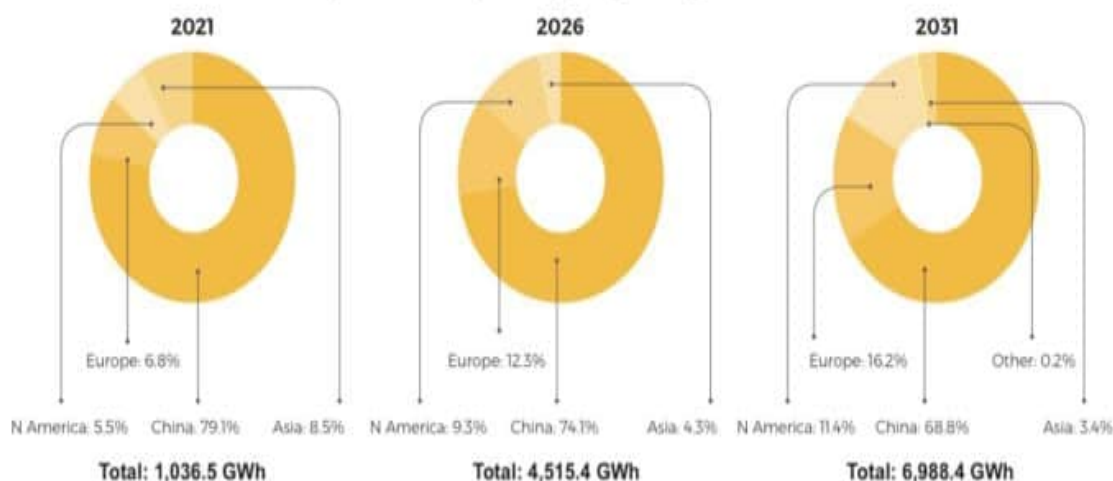
Got Lithium Batteries?

In our [Got Lithium Commentary](#) earlier this week, we discussed how the current production levels of lithium are not enough to keep up with global demand, mainly due to the proliferation of electric vehicles (EVs). Given the supply-demand imbalance, investments in lithium producers may be an excellent long-term investment. We follow that analysis up by looking at the lithium battery makers.

Almost 80% of the world's lithium batteries are made in China. Asia, excluding China, produces 8%, while Europe and the U.S. produce 7% and 5%, respectively. The 10-year trajectory of battery production shifts toward the U.S. and Europe, but China, at 68.8%, will still have a monopoly on production. Given the surging demand for these batteries and yet another round of trade barbs between the U.S. and China, might attaining lithium batteries at fair prices become a problem for EV manufacturers? Shortages of chips in 2020 and 2021 reduced car production resulting in significantly higher prices. China is a crucial cog in EV production, and no doubt they understand their leverage. Investors of auto companies must consider how and when China might use its leverage.

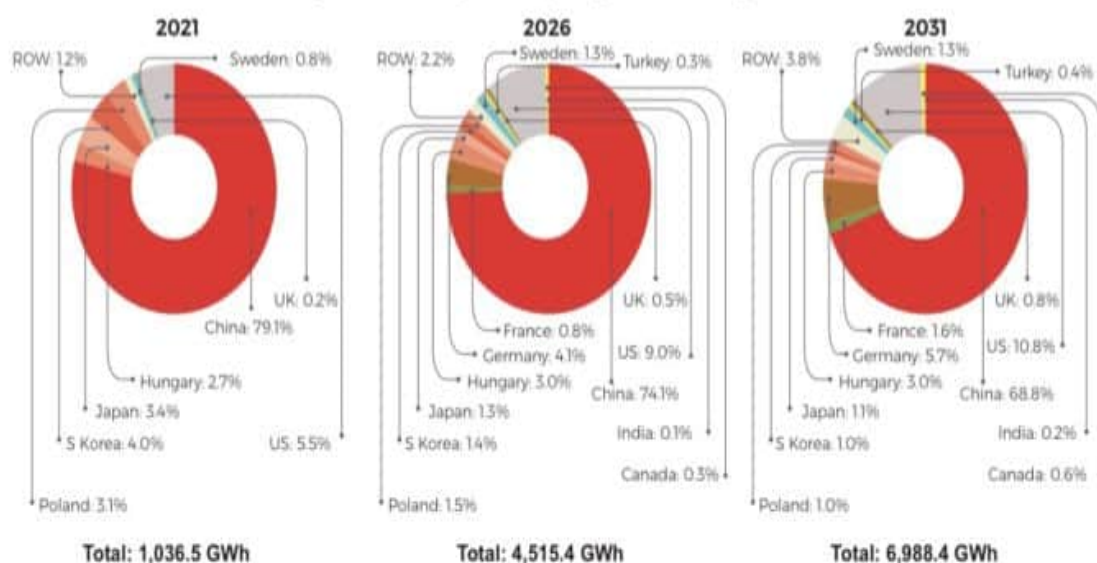
■ LITHIUM-ION BATTERY GIGAFACTORY TRACKER CONTINUED...

Lithium ion Battery Cell Capacity by Region



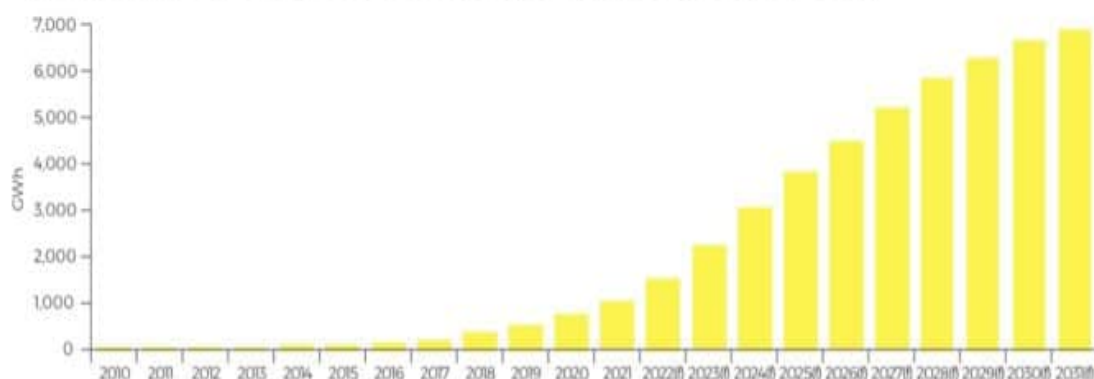
Source: Benchmark Mineral Intelligence

Lithium ion Battery Cell Capacity by Country



Source: Benchmark Mineral Intelligence

World Lithium Ion Gigafactory Capacity 2010-2031



Source: Benchmark Mineral Intelligence

Bear Market Legs

The table below shows that if this is a bear market, the worst may still be ahead. In 11 of the 16 bear markets shown below, the average decline in the last third period was double that of the 1st or 2nd legs. If we are in a bear market, which is not definitive as the market has not broken any longer-term trends, the question becomes its ultimate duration. For instance, are we still in the first third, there is still a lot of pain ahead. Conversely, if the bear market is only a year-long, we might be in the final third.

Bear Market	Duration		
	1st Third	2nd Third	3rd Third
1929-33	-36%	-25%	-71%
1933-35	-6%	-21%	-11%
1937-38	-12%	-38%	-17%
1938-42	-8%	-22%	-24%
1946-47	-25%	4%	-8%
1948-49	-6%	-9%	-7%
1957-58	-6%	0%	-17%
1961-62	-3%	-3%	-23%
1966	-3%	-5%	-15%
1968-70	-5%	-9%	-25%
1973-75	-12%	-8%	-36%
1981-82	-6%	-12%	-13%
1987	-4%	-24%	-9%
2000-02	-11%	-16%	-34%
2007-09	-15%	-8%	-44%
2020	-13%	-2%	-22%
<i>Mean</i>	-11%	-12%	-24%
<i>Median</i>	-7%	-9%	-20%
<i>Central Tendency</i>	-9%	-11%	-20%

Source: Merk Investments, Bloomberg

Bear Market	Duration		
	1st Third	2nd Third	3rd Third
1929-33	-36%	-25%	-71%
1933-35	-6%	-21%	-11%
1937-38	-12%	-38%	-17%

Tweet of the Day



Mike Zaccardi, CFA, CMT
@MikeZaccardi

...

The P/E ratio on the S&P 490 is 14.6



Mike Zaccardi, CFA, CMT
@MikeZaccardi

...

The P/E ratio on the S&P 490 is 14.6



Please [subscribe to the daily commentary](#) to receive these updates every morning before the opening bell.

If you found this blog useful, please send it to someone else, share it on social media, or contact us to set up a meeting.

[ad_2]
[Source link](#)